

Millennium Development Goals (MDGs)

The Millennium Declaration adopted by the General Assembly of the United Nations in its Fifty-fifth session during September 2000 reaffirmed its commitment to the right to development, peace, security and gender equality, to the eradication of many dimensions of poverty and to overall sustainable development. These are intended for the Member Countries to take efforts in the fight against poverty, illiteracy, hunger, lack of education, gender inequality, infant and maternal mortality, diseases and environmental degradation. The Millennium Declaration adopted 8 development goals, 18 time-bound targets and 48 indicators to be achieved by 2015:

Goal 1. Eradicate extreme poverty and hunger

- Target 1: Reduce by half the proportion of people living on less than a dollar a day
- Target 2: Reduce by half the proportion of people who suffer from hunger

Goal 2. Achieve universal primary education

- Target 3: Ensure that all boys and girls complete a full course of primary schooling

Goal 3. Promote gender equality and empower women

- Target 4: Eliminate gender disparity in primary and secondary education preferably by 2005, and at all levels by 2015

Goal 4. Reduce child mortality

- Target 5: Reduce by two thirds the mortality rate among children under five

Goal 5. Improve maternal health

- Target 6: Reduce by three quarters the maternal mortality ratio

Goal 6. Combat HIV /AIDS, malaria and other diseases

- Target 7: Halt and begin to reverse the spread of HIV/AIDS

- Target 8: Halt and begin to reverse the incidence of malaria and other major diseases

Goal 7. Ensure environmental sustainability

- Target 9: Integrate the principles of sustainable development into country policies and programmes; reverse loss of environmental resources

Target 10: Reduce by half the proportion of people without sustainable access to safe drinking water

- Target 11: Achieve significant improvement in lives of at least 100 million slum dwellers, by 2020

Goal 8. Develop a global partnership for development

- Target 12: Develop further an open, rule-based, predictable, non-discriminatory trading and financial system Includes a commitment to good governance, development, and poverty reduction both nationally and internationally

- Target 13: Address the special needs of the least developed countries Includes: tariff and quota free access for least developed countries' exports; enhanced programme of debt relief for HIPC s and cancellation of official bilateral debt; and more generous ODA for countries committed to poverty reduction

- Target 14: Address the special needs of landlocked countries and small island developing States

- Target 15: Deal comprehensively with the debt problems of developing countries through national and international measures in order to make debt sustainable in the long term.

- Target 16: In cooperation with developing countries, develop and implement strategies for decent and productive work for youth.

- Target 17: In cooperation with pharmaceutical companies, provide access to affordable essential drugs in developing countries

- Target 18: In cooperation with the private sector, make available the benefits of new technologies, especially information and communications